according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU

#### Formic acid ≥85 %, pure

article number: KKGL1.1

Version: 4.0 en

Replaces version of: 2019-08-05

Version: (3)



date of compilation: 2015-10-21

Revision: 2021-05-13

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

#### 1.1 **Product identifier**

Identification of the substance Formic acid ≥85 %,pure

Article number KKGL1.1

Registration number (REACH) not relevant (mixture)

Index No [607-001-00-0]

EC number [200-579-1]

**CAS** number [64-18-6]

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses:** laboratory chemical

laboratory and analytical use. This product is not

licensed for use in the pest control and as a

: Department Health, Safety and Environment

veterinary medicine

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Laboratoriumdiscounter Zandvoortstraat 75 1976BN Ijmuiden Nederland

Telephone: +31 (0) 255 700 210

e-mail: info@laboratoriumdiscounter.nl Website: www.laboratoriumdiscounter.nl

Competent person responsible for the safety data

sheet:

e-mail (competent person): info@laboratoriumdiscounter.nl

#### 1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

Name	Street	Postal code/ city	Telephone	Website
National Poisons Inform- ation Service City Hospital	Dudley Rd	B187QH Birm- ingham	844 892 0111	

**Emergency information service** 

+49/(0)89 19240

#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance ormixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU

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3.11

3.2

3.3



(Acute Tox. 3)

(Skin Corr. 1B)

(Eye Dam. 1)

H331

H314

H318

# Classification acc. to GHS Section Hazard class degory Hazard class and category Hazard statement 2.16 substance or mixture corrosive to metals (Met. Corr. 1) H290 3.10 acute toxicity (oral) (Acute Tox. 4) H302

acute toxicity (inhal.)

skin corrosion/irritation

serious eye damage/eye irritation

# Supplemental hazard information

C	ode	Supplemental hazard information
EU	JH071	corrosive to the respiratory tract

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word Danger

#### **Pictograms**

GHS05, GHS06



#### **Hazard statements**

H290 May be corrosive to metals H302 Harmful if swallowed

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H331 Toxic if inhaled

## **Precautionary statements**

#### **Precautionary statements - prevention**

P260 Do not breathe mist/vapours.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

#### Precautionary statements - response

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

#### Supplemental hazard information

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Hazardous ingredients for labelling: Formic acid

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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU

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Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml

Signal word: Danger

Symbol(s)



H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

P260 Do not breathe mist/vapours.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.
P310 do. Continue rinsing.
Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratorytract.

contains: Formic acid

#### 2.3 Other hazards

There is no additional information.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### **Description of the mixture**

Composition/information on ingredients.

Name of sub- stance	Identifier	wt%	Classification acc. to 1272/2008/EC	Pictograms	Specific Conc. Limits
Formic acid	CAS No 64-18-6 EC No 200-579-1 Index No 607-001-00-0 REACH Reg. No 01-2119491174- 37-xxxx	≥85	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Met. Corr. 1 / H290 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 EUH071		Skin Corr. 1A; H314: C≥90 % Skin Corr. 1B; H314: 10 % ≤ C < 90 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 2 % ≤ C < 10 % Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 10 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 2 % ≤ C < 10 %

#### Remarks

For full text of Hazard- and EU Hazard-statements: see SECTION 16.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures



#### **General notes**

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Self-protection of the first aider.

#### Following inhalation

Call a physician immediately. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU

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#### Following skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Immediate medical treatment required because corrosive injuries that are not treated are hard to cure.

#### Following eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a physician immediately. If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects).

# 2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Cough, Dyspnoea, Corrosion, Vomiting, Gastric perforation, Risk of serious damage to eyes, Risk of blindness

3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media



#### Suitable extinguishing media

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings water spray, foam, dry extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

#### 2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Hazardous combustion products**

May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

#### 3. Advice for firefighters

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear full chemical protective clothing.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures



#### For non-emergency personnel

Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not breathe vapour/spray.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU

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# 3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains.

#### Advice on how to clean up a spill

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents).

#### Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 4. Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 1. Precautions for safe handling

Provision of sufficient ventilation. Use extractor hood (laboratory). Handle and open container with care. Clear contaminated areas thoroughly.

· Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation



Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands before breaks and after work.

#### 2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

#### Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe hints for combined storage.

#### Consideration of other advice

Store locked up.

# Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation.

## · Specific designs for storage rooms or vessels

Recommended storage temperature: 15 – 25 °C.

#### 3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1 Control parameters

#### National limit values

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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU

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#### Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Co u ntr y	Name of agent	CAS No	Nota- tion	ldenti- fier	TW A [pp m]	TWA [mg/ m³]	ST E L [pp m]	STEL [mg/ m³]	Ceil- ing-C [ppm ]	Ceil- ing-C [mg/ m³]	Source
EU	formic acid	64-18-6		IOELV	5	9					2006/15/ EC
GB	formic acid	64-18-6		WEL	5	9,6					EH40/ 2005

Notation

Ceiling-C

Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

**STEL** Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-

minute period (unless otherwise specified) TWA

Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

#### Relevant DNELs/DMELs/PNECs and other threshold levels

#### relevant DNELs of components of themixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Formic acid	64-18-6	DNEL	9,5 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (in- dustry)	chronic - local effects

#### relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Formic acid	64-18-6	PNEC	2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
Formic acid	64-18-6	PNEC	0,2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
Formic acid	64-18-6	PNEC	7,2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)
Formic acid	64-18-6	PNEC	13,4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single in- stance)
Formic acid	64-18-6	PNEC	1,34 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
Formic acid	64-18-6	PNEC	1,5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	soil	short-term (single in- stance)

#### 8.2 **Exposure controls**

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection





Use safety goggle with side protection. Wear face protection.

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# Skin protection





Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves. The times are approximate values from measurements at 22 °C and permanent contact. Increased temperatures due to heated substances, body heat etc. and a reduction of the effective layer thickness by stretching can lead to a considerable reduction of the breakthrough time. If in doubt, contact manufacturer. At an approx. 1.5 times larger/smaller layer thickness, the respective breakthrough time is doubled / halved. The data apply only to the pure substance. When transferred to substance mixtures, they may only be considered as a guide.

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#### type of material

CR: chloroprene (chlorobutadiene) rubber

#### material thickness

0.65 mm.

#### · breakthrough times of the glove material

>480 minutes (permeation: level 6)

#### other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended.

#### Respiratory protection





Respiratory protection necessary at: Aerosol or mist formation. Type: A (against organic gases and vapours with a boiling point of > 65 °C, colour code: Brown).

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state liquid (fluid)
Colour colourless
Odour stinging

Odour threshold No data available

#### Other physical and chemical parameters

pH (value) 2,2

Melting point/freezing point 4 °C

Initial boiling point and boiling range 106 °C

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Flash point 65 °C

Evaporation rate no data available Flammability (solid, gas) not relevant (fluid)

**Explosive limits** 

• lower explosion limit (LEL) 12vol% upper explosion limit (UEL) 38vol%

Explosion limits of dust clouds not relevant Vapour pressure

Density 1,19 <sup>9</sup>/<sub>cm<sup>3</sup></sub>

Vapour density This information is not available.

Bulk density Not applicable

Relative density Information on this property is not available.

43 hPa at 20 °C

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility miscible in any proportion

Partition coefficient

n-octanol/water (log KOW) -0.54Auto-ignition temperature 528 °C

Decomposition temperature no data available

Viscosity

1,176 mm<sup>2</sup>/s at 20 °C kinematic viscosity dynamic viscosity 1,4 mPa s at 20°C

Shall not be classified as explosive **Explosive properties** 

none Oxidising properties

9.2 Other information

> T1 (Maximum permissible surface temperature Temperature class (EU, acc. to ATEX)

on the equipment: 450°C)

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# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 1. Reactivity

Substance or mixture corrosive to metals. In case of warming: Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

#### 2. **Chemical stability**

The material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

#### 3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Dangerous/dangerous reactions with: Alkali (lye), Aluminium, Phosphorus oxides (e.g. P2O5), Sul phuric acid, concentrated, Strong oxidiser, Nitric acid, Alkali hydroxide (caustic alkali), Danger of explosion: Hydrogen peroxide, Mixtures of sodium hypochlorite

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#### 4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat.

#### 5. Incompatible materials

different metals

## 6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 1. Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

#### Acute toxicity of components of themixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Formic acid	64-18-6	oral	730 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>
Formic acid	64-18-6	inhalation: vapour	7,85 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe burns.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

#### Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic, carcinogenic nor as a reproductive toxican t

#### · Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### · Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

#### If swallowed

If swallowed danger of perforation of the esophagus and the stomach (strong corrosive effects)

#### If in eyes

causes burns, Causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness

#### If inhaled

corrosive to the respiratory tract

#### · If on skin

causes severe burns, causes poorly healing wounds

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#### Formic acid ≥85 %, pure

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#### Other information

Renal impairment.



# SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

acc. to 1272/2008/EC: Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

#### Aquatic toxicity (acute)

#### Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Formic acid	64-18-6	LC50	130 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
Formic acid	64-18-6	EC50	365 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic inverteb- rates	48 h
Formic acid	64-18-6	ErC50	1.240 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h

#### 12.2 Process of degradability

Data are not available.

Process	Degradation rate	Time
biotic/abiotic	98 %	14 d

#### Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time
Formic acid	64-18-6	biotic/abiotic	98 %	14 d
Formic acid	64-18-6	oxygen depletion	15 %	5 d
Formic acid	64-18-6	DOC removal	4 %	6 d

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not significantly accumulate in organisms.

n-octanol/water (log KOW) -0,54

# Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Formic acid	64-18-6		-2,1 (pH value: 7, 23 °C)	

#### 4. Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

#### 6. Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods



This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains.

#### Waste treatment of containers/packagings

It is a dangerous waste; only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to ADR) may be used.

## 2. Relevant provisions relating to waste

The allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out according to the EEC, specific to the industry and process.

#### 3. Remarks

Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities. Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

1. UN number 1779

2. UN proper shipping name FORMIC ACID

Hazardous ingredients Formic acid

3. Transport hazard class(es)

8

Class 8 (corrosive substances)

4. Packing group II(substance presenting medium danger)

5. Environmental hazards none (non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the danger-

ous goods regulations)

## 6. Special precautions for user

Provisions for dangerous goods (ADR) should be complied within the premises.

#### 7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

# 8. Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

#### • Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)

UN number 1779

Proper shipping name FORMIC ACID

Particulars in the transport document UN1779, FORMIC ACID, 8(3), II, (D/E)

Class 8

Classification code CF1

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Packing group II

Danger label(s) 8+3





Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1 L
Transport category (TC) 2
Tunnel restriction code (TRC) D/E
Hazard identification No 83
Emergency Action Code 2W

#### International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN number 1779

Proper shipping name FORMIC ACID

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1779, FORMIC ACID, 8(3), II

Class 8

Subsidiary risk(s) 3
Marine pollutant -

Packing group II

Danger label(s) 8+3





Excepted quantities (EQ) E2
Limited quantities (LQ) 1L

EmS F-E, S-C

Stowage category A

Segregation group 1 - Acids

# • International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

UN number 1779

Proper shipping name Formic acid

Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1779, Formic acid, 8 (3), II

Class

Subsidiary risk(s) 3
Packing group II

Danger label(s) 8+3

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#### Formic acid ≥85 %, pure

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Excepted quantities (EQ)

E2

Limited quantities (LQ)

0,5 L

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- 1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)
  - Regulation 649/2012/EU concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC) None of the ingredients are listed.
  - Regulation 1005/2009/EC on substances that deplete the ozone layer (ODS) None of the ingredients are listed.
  - Regulation 850/2004/EC on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

None of the ingredients are listed.

Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Name of substance	Type of registration	Conditions of re- striction	No
Formic acid	1907/2006/EC annex XVII	R3	3
Formic acid	1907/2006/EC annex XVII	R40	40

#### Legend

- 1. Shall not be used in:
- -ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

tricks and jokes.

- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects, 2. Articles not complying with paragraph 1 shall not be placed on the market.
- 3. Shall not be placed on the market if they contain a colouring agent, unless required for fiscal reasons, or per-
- fume, or both, ifthey:
   can be used as fuel in decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public, and,
   present an aspiration hazard and are labelled with R65 or H304,

- 4.Decorative oil lamps for supply to the general public shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the European Standard on Decorative oil lamps (EN 14059) adopted by the European Committee for Standardisation (CEN).
- 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, pack-
- 5. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure, before the placing on the mar- ket, that the following requirements are met:

  (a) lamp oils, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are visibly, legibly and indelibly marked as follows: 'Keep lamps filled with this liquid out of the reach of children'; and, by 1 December 2010, 'Just a sip of lamp oil or even sucking the wick of lamps may lead to life-threatening lung damage';

  (b) grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are legibly and indelibly marked by 1 December 2010 as follows: 'Just a sip of grill lighter may lead to life threatening lung damage';
- (c)lamp oils and grill lighters, labelled with R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public are packaged in
- black opaque containers not exceeding 1 litre by 1 December 2010.

  6. No later than 1 June 2014, the Commission shall request the European Chemicals Agency to prepare a dossier, in accordance with Article 69 of the present Regulation with a view to ban, if appropriate, grill lighter fluids and fuel for decorative lamps, labelled R65 or H304, intended for supply to the general public.

  7. Natural or legal persons placing on the market for the first time lamp oils and grill lighter fluids, labelled with R65 or H304, shall by 1 December 2011, and annually thereafter, provide data on alternatives to lamp oils and grill lighter fluids labelled R65 or H304 to the competent authority in the Member State concerned. Member States shall make those data available to the Commission.

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#### Legend

R40

- 1. Shall not be used, as substance or asmixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:
  - metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
  - artificial snow and frost,

- 'whoopee' cushions,
- silly string aerosols.
- imitation excrement
- horns for parties,
- decorative flakes and foams.
- artificial cobwebs.
- stink bombs.

2.Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:

For professional users only.

3.By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC (2).

4. The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.

#### Restrictions according to REACH, Title VIII

None.

 List of substances subject to authorisation (REACH, Annex XIV)/SVHC - candidate list none of the ingredients are listed

#### Seveso Directive

2012/18/EU (Seveso III)			
No	Dangerous substance/hazard categories	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower and upper-tier requirements	Notes
H2	acute toxic (cat. 2 + cat. 3, inhal.)	50 200	41)

#### Notation

- Category 2, all exposure routes

- category 3, inhalation exposure route

#### Directive 75/324/EEC relating to aerosol dispensers

#### Filling batch

VOC ----

## Deco-Paint Directive (2004/42/EC)

VOC content	00,0 %	
Directive on industrial emissions (VOCs, 2010/75/EU)		
VOC content	85,5 %	

05.50/

# Directive 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS) - Annex II

None of the ingredients are listed.

#### Regulation 166/2006/EC concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and **Transfer Register (PRTR)**

None of the ingredients are listed.

#### Directive 2000/60/EC establishing a framework for Community action in the field of water policy (WFD)

None of the ingredients are listed.

#### Regulation 98/2013/EU on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

none of the ingredients are listed

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#### Regulation 111/2005/EC laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

none of the ingredients are listed

#### **National inventories**

Country	National inventories	Status
AU	AICS	all ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	all ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	all ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	all ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

Legend

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
CICR Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ National Inventory of Chemical Substances

KECI Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg. REACH registered substances
TCSI Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

Toxic Substance Control Act

#### 15.2 **Chemical Safety Assessment**

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

## Indication of changes (revised safety data sheet)

Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
1.1		Index No: [ 607-001-00-0 ]	yes
1.1		EC number: [ 200-579-1]	yes
1.1		CAS number: [64-18-6]	yes

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# Formic acid ≥85 %, pure

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Section	Former entry (text/value)	Actual entry (text/value)	Safety- relev- ant
2.2		Precautionary statements - prevention: change in the listing (table)	yes
2.2		Labelling of packages where the contents do not exceed 125 ml: change in the listing (table)	yes

# Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
2006/15/EC	Commission Directive establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC
Acute Tox.	acute toxicity
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation intérieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways)
ADR	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	ceiling value
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic for Reproduction
COD	chemical oxygen demand
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of atested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EH40/2005	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (http://www.nationalarchives.gov.uk/doc/open-government-licence/)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	the Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
IOELV	indicative occupational exposure limit value
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of atested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
log KOW	n-octanol/water
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
Met. Corr.	substance or mixture corrosive to metals
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	parts per million
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
Skin Corr.	corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	irritant to skin
STEL	short-term exposure limit
SVHC	Substance of Very High Concern
TWA	time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
WEL	workplace exposure limit

#### Key literature references and sources for data

- Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2015/830/EU Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP, EU GHS) Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)

- International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

# List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	flammable liquid and vapour
H290	may be corrosive to metals
H302	harmful if swallowed
H314	causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	causes serious eye damage

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Code	Text
H331	toxic if inhaled

#### **Disclaimer**

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

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