Operating Instructions for Ethanol Fireplace

General Information

For problem-free fireplace operation and long usage, please take note of the information below. Fireplaces may only be exchanged or returned if unused and in their original packaging.

Setting and Safety

As with any product which is used for burning, a bio-fireplace produces heat. Therefore, it should be located in a suitable place far away from inflammable materials. It should be situated at least 40 cm away from any furniture. Children and pets should stay a safe distance away from fire. Bio-fireplaces uses oxygen, therefore it is necessary to ventilate the room.

Starting the Fire

These fires are only suitable to burn bio-ethanol (we recommended BIO-DECO). Using other materials or substances may lead to damage to the equipment, fire, severe injury or burns.

Combustible inserts should be maximally filled up to three quarters of the height.

The fire should only be started by a competent adult, respecting all safety regulations. Fuel should be ignited only in designated containers by long fireplace matches or lighters for gas burners.

IMPORTANT - you should avoid filling and lighting the fire appliance while it is hot (for example, immediately after the automatic termination of the fire or after the fire has gone out). Fuel poured into a hot fire/container evaporates very quickly creating strong vapors. These may ignite and flash causing an explosion and burning.

Extinguishing the Fire

To extinguish the fire/biofuel, cut off the air supply. To extinguish the flame in the rectangular container, you should close it by moving the built-in cover.

The container with the burning biofuel will be hot, so for closing a rectangular container always use the included poker.

Be careful, the fireplace, and the immediate surroundings may stay hot for some time after use.

Important Note:

It is forbidden to refill bio-fuel into a lit fire. For safety reasons, never completely fill the bioethanol cartridge.

How the Ceramic Sponge Works:

The ceramic sponge is also called a safety sponge. It is used mainly as leakage protection for bio-ethanol fireplaces.

If, for example, you touch your ethanol fireplace, this sponge prevents the fuel from escaping and possibly causing a fire hazard.

Ceramic sponges are not only fire-resistant, but also have excellent suction properties to absorb the bio-ethanol.

Ceramic sponges also ensure that the bio-ethanol fuel is dispensed evenly during combustion. This creates a beautiful, uniform flame. Without a sponge the flame would flicker more often.